

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, December 2011

| SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity | | |
|---|---|--|
| Product identifier | | |
| Product name | TG.T30.22 TensorGrip T30 Canister | |
| Relevant identified uses of t | he substance or mixture and uses advised against | |
| Application | Adhesive. | |
| Uses advised against | Use only for intended applications. | |
| Details of the supplier of the | safety data sheet | |
| Supplier | Quin Global PTY LTD 63 Hincksman Street Queanbeyan NSW 2620 (02) 6175 0574 info@quin-global.com.au | |
| Emergency telephone numb | ber | |
| Emergency telephone | +61 2 6175 0574 National Poison Line AU 13 11 26 | |
| SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification | | |
| Classification of the substan | ice or mixture | |
| Physical hazards | Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280 | |
| Health hazards | Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 | |
| Environmental hazards | Not Classified | |
| Label elements | | |
| Pictogram | | |
| Signal word | Danger | |
| Hazard statements | H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. | |

| Additional information | For professional users only. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Precautionary statements | P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P405 Store locked up. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations. |
| Supplemental label information | EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction. |
| Contains | Dichloromethane, Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline and phosgene, Ethyl acetate |

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Mixtures

Dimethyl ether

CAS number: 115-10-6

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280

Dichloromethane

CAS number: 75-09-2

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline and phosgene

CAS number: 32055-14-4

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 10-30%

30-60%

30-60%

| Ethyl acetate | 5-10% |
|--|--|
| CAS number: 141-78-6 | |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 | |
| The full text for all hazard state | ements is displayed in Section 16. |
| SECTION 4: First aid measure | |
| Description of first aid measur | es |
| General information | If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. |
| Inhalation | Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. |
| Ingestion | Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rinse nose and mouth with water. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention. |
| Skin Contact | After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force skin apart. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing. |
| Eye contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. |
| Most important symptoms and | l effects, both acute and delayed |
| General information | Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs . |
| Inhalation | Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. |
| Ingestion | May cause chemical burns in mouth and throat. |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Eye contact | May cause severe eye irritation. |
| Indication of any immediate m | edical attention and special treatment needed |
| Notes for the doctor | If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Treat symptomatically. |
| SECTION 5: Firefighting meas | sures |
| Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire- extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

Specific hazards The product is highly flammable. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Hazardous combustion Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride (HCI). products Advice for firefighters Protective actions during Evacuate area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to firefighting flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use water spray to reduce vapours. Special protective equipment Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective for firefighters clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. Hazchem Code 2YE **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures** Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Personal precautions For personal protection, see Section 8. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. **Environmental precautions Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains and the aquatic environment. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Methods for cleaning up Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Dispose of waste via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. Reference to other sections Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13. SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used Precautions for safe handling Usage precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use only non-sparking tools. Advice on general Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. occupational hygiene Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Keep locked up. Protect from sunlight.

Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Dimethyl ether

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 400 ppm 760 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 500 ppm 950 mg/m³

Dichloromethane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 50 ppm $\,$ 174 mg/m³ Carc. 2, Sk $\,$

Ethyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 200 ppm 720 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 400 ppm 1440 mg/m³ Carc. 2 = Suspected human carcinogen. Sk = Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



| Appropriate engineering controls | As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces No smoking. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Eye/face protection | Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. |
| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. |
| Other skin and body protection | Wear apron or protective clothing in case of contact. |
| Hygiene measures | Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. |
| Respiratory protection | Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Organic vapour + dust and mist filter. |

Environmental exposure Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| Information on basic physical and chemical properties | | |
|---|---|--|
| Appearance | Aerosol. | |
| Colour | Clear. | |
| Odour | Characteristic. | |
| Odour threshold | Not available. | |
| рН | Not available. | |
| Melting point | Not available. | |
| Initial boiling point and range | Not available. | |
| Flash point | <-40°C | |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. | |
| Evaporation factor | Not available. | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Extremely flammable aerosol. | |
| Flammability Limit - Lower(%) | : 1.8 | |
| Vapour pressure | Not available. | |
| Vapour density | Not available. | |
| Relative density | Not available. | |
| Bulk density | Not available. | |
| Solubility Value (g/100g H2O 20°C) | Not available. | |
| Partition coefficient | Not available. | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. | |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not available. | |
| Viscosity | Not available. | |
| Explosive properties | Not considered to be explosive. | |
| Oxidising properties | Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising. | |
| Volatile organic compound | This product contains a maximum VOC content of 225 g/l. | |
| SECTION 10: Stability and rea | | |
| Reactivity | See the other subsections of this section for further details. | |
| Stability | Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. | |

| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. |
| Materials to avoid | Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | None at ambient temperatures. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Acrid smoke or fumes. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Information on toxicological effects | | |
|--|---|--|
| Toxicological effects | No data recorded. | |
| Acute toxicity - oral | | |
| Notes (oral LD₅₀) | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. | |
| Acute toxicity - dermal | | |
| Notes (dermal LD₅₀) | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. | |
| Acute toxicity - inhalation | | |
| Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. | |
| ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) | 7.69 | |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | | |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Irritating to skin. | |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | | |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Respiratory sensitisation | | |
| Respiratory sensitisation | Sensitising. | |
| Skin sensitisation | | |
| Skin sensitisation | Sensitising. | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | | |
| Genotoxicity - in vitro | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. | |
| Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. | |
| | Suspected of causing cancer. | |
| Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. | |
| | | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - | | |
| STOT - single exposure | STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation. | |
| Target organs | Respiratory system, lungs | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - | repeated exposure | |
| STOT - repeated exposure | STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. | |

| General information | Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Inhalation | Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| Ingestion | May cause discomfort if swallowed. |
| Skin Contact | Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Acute and chronic health hazards | Suspected of causing cancer. |

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

| Ecotoxicity | The product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Toxicity | No data available. |
| Persistence and degradability | |
| Persistence and degradability | The degradability of the product is not known. |
| Bioaccumulative potential | |
| Bioaccumulative Potential | No data available on bioaccumulation. |
| Partition coefficient | Not available. |
| Mobility in soil | |
| Mobility | Volatile liquid. |
| Other adverse effects | |
| Other adverse effects | None known. |
| SECTION 13: Disposal consid | erations |
| Waste treatment methods | |
| General information | Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. |
| Disposal methods | Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. |
| SECTION 14: Transport inform | nation |
| UN number | |
| UN No. (ADG) | 3501 |
| UN No. (IMDG) | 3501 |
| UN No. (ICAO) | 3501 |
| UN proper shipping name | |
| Proper shipping name (ADG) | CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETYHL ETHER) |
| Proper shipping name (IMDG) | CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETYHL ETHER) |
| Proper shipping name (ICAO) | CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETYHL ETHER) |

Transport hazard class(es)

| ADG class | 2.1 |
|-------------------------|-----|
| ADG classification code | 8F |
| ADG label | 2.1 |
| IMDG class | 2.1 |
| ICAO class/division | 2.1 |
| | |

Transport labels



Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

Special precautions for user

| EmS | F-D, S-U |
|--------------|----------|
| Hazchem Code | 2YE |

Transport in bulk according to No information required. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information

| Classification abbreviations and acronyms | Aerosol = Aerosol Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation Resp. Sens. = Respiratory sensitisation STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure Carc. = Carcinogenicity |
|--|--|
| Revision date | 12/04/2017 |
| Revision | 4 |
| Supersedes date | 13/10/2016 |
| SDS No. | 21636 |

| Hazard statements in full | H220 Extremely flormable acc |
|---------------------------|--|
| | H220 Extremely flammable gas. |
| | H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| | H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated |
| | H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| | H315 Causes skin irritation. |
| | H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| | H319 Causes serious eye irritation. |
| | H332 Harmful if inhaled. |
| | H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| | H335 May cause respiratory irritation. |
| | H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| | H351 Suspected of causing cancer. |
| | H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| | H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory system, lungs) through prolonged or |
| | repeated exposure if inhaled. |
| | |

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.